

BATTLE AT NIGHT ON HISTORIC FIELD

Flashlights Show Troops
Fighting at Gettysburg.

REDS OCCUPY SAFE TRENCHES

Gen. Harries and His Defenders Get Re-enforcements During Charge of Blue Forces and One of the Most Spectacular Sham Battles in Effectually Enacted—Advance Begun.

Staff Correspondence The Washington Herald: Gettysburg, Pa., July 28.—Within a few hundred yards of historic "Cavalry Field" there was waged to-night one of the most spectacular sham battles since the opening of the big camp of instruction.

Searchlights flashed through the woods and underbrush, the defending force fired volley after volley at the big army, attacking their strong position, and the Blue army charged up the long slope with imaginary bayonets fixed. The thrilling advance was halted 200 yards from the Red line that there might be no injury from actual contact.

To-night's battle, which did not start until an hour after sundown and took place during the dense darkness proceeding the moonrise, followed an imaginary battle which was supposed to have taken place earlier in the day. The Reds, who were on the defensive to-night, had been roughly handled during the morning's conflict, the left flank suffering especially heavy losses.

Re-enforcements Are Sent.

As a result large re-enforcements were sent to that part of the line, leaving the center, along the Hanover road, defended by only the Second Regiment United States Infantry, Col. Mansfield commanding. He had a company of engineers and half an ambulance company for use in case of emergency.

The news of the movement of the Reds to strengthen their left flank was conveyed to the commanding officer of the Blue army, which consisted of two imaginary brigades and one actual brigade. The two imaginary brigades formed the two flanks of the attacking army, and the center was taken by the second brigade in command of Gen. Harries, of the District of Columbia National Guard.

Gen. Harries had in his brigade the Twenty-ninth United States Infantry, First and Second regiments, and First Separate Battalion District of Columbia National Guard, Engineers and Signal Corps. He also had in his force the Second New Jersey troop of cavalry; the Third United States Field Artillery, and the District of Columbia Field Artillery.

Advance Is Then Begun.

The line of battle was formed about 7:30, and an hour later the advance began. Located on an eminence in the rear of the Red army the three powerful searchlights of Company A, United States Signal Corps, swept the entire country occupied by the advancing Blues and Col. Mansfield's regiment, strongly entrenched, frequently fired "warning volleys" on the advancing troops. The attacking forces screened themselves as much as possible by following ravines, getting into underbrush and crouching behind trees until the blinding light of the big searchlights passed to either side.

Several times lack of caution threw them into the direct line of the light, and then would come volley after volley from the defending Reds. The artillery and cavalry did not play prominent parts in the advance, almost all of the work being assigned to the infantry regiments.

As would be the case in actual warfare, the attacking infantrymen did not fire, but marched ahead with imaginary fixed bayonets.

INTRINCHED DURING CHARGE.

The advance continued steadily until the Blues were several hundred yards from the crest of the hill, where the Reds were entrenched, and then came the rapid and decisive charge of the attacking force. The Reds opened fire then and the woodland echoed with the reports of hundreds of guns.

When the Blues reached a point about 200 yards from the Red intrenchments "recall" was sounded and the night battle was at an end. Simultaneously with the real night battle, the other imaginary brigades of both armies were supposed to be having equally lively struggles, and battle lines dozens of miles in length were supposed to be in actual conflict.

COLUMBIA LODGE INITIATES.

Odd Fellows Preparing for Contest of Degree Teams.

Columbia Lodge, No. 10, I. O. O. F., held a regular meeting and initiation at the I. O. O. F. temple last night, during which the third degree was conferred upon two candidates.

After the initiation the degree team held a rehearsal of the first degree. These rehearsals have been held regularly to prepare the team for the competition between degree teams of the order to take place at Atlanta, during the session of the Sovereign Grand Lodge in September.

SUES FOR MAINTENANCE.

Mary V. Mahan yesterday filed suit against William H. Mahan for maintenance, and asked the court to award her the custody of their child, Stephen D. Mahan. Mrs. Mahan alleges desertion. The couple were married July 12, 1900.

Capital and Surplus, \$2,200.00.

HAVE YOU SILVERWARE, JEWELS,

and valuable papers for which you desire protection? The silver vaults and safe deposit boxes of this company insure absolute safety.

Banking Dept. pays interest on all accounts. Deposits subject to check.

Union Trust Co.,
EDWARD J. STELLY, President.
15th and H Sts. N. W.

ABE MARTIN.

REVIEW OF THE WEEK
CHAS. D. CHARTS



I'd rather pay \$5 a pound for meat than take a chance on some of the substitutes. If we didn't have friends we'd never get 'em all right. I mean things said about us when we buy a turbot, car.

GET LUZON OUTLAW.

Constabulary Surprise and Capture Filipino "Bad Man."

The Bureau of Insular Affairs of the War Department has received a cablegram from Gov. Gen. Forbes at Manila, reporting that on July 21 Felipe Salvador, the most dangerous outlaw in Luzon, was surprised and captured near San Isidro, in the province of Pangasinan, by a squad of constabulary and local police.

Felipe Salvador was the head of a band of fanatics known as the Santa Iglesia, or Holy Church.

SOLDIERS' TRIAL SET FOR MONDAY

Negro Victim of Bullet Recovering After Operation.

Rallying from one of the most delicate operations known to medical science, William L. Smith, the negro who was shot on the Aqueduct Bridge about two weeks ago by two soldiers, is now well on the way to recovery, and will be able to leave the hospital within a few days.

Following this announcement from the Georgetown Hospital, it was said at Assistant District Attorney Given's office that the soldiers, Thomas J. Molyneux and Clifford L. Feldheim, will be brought before Judge Aukland in Police Court next Monday and their application for bail granted. They will be tried on a charge of assault with a dangerous weapon.

Molyneux admitted the shooting the day after their arrest. The contention of the cavalrymen was that the shot was fired with a gun dropped by the negro Smith, and was in self-defense.

Smith was wounded in the abdomen, his intestines being punctured in four places. One degree higher than that previously recorded. Moderately warm weather prevailed in the Southern and Eastern States, while in the Rocky Mountain region, the Northern Plains States, and the Lake region moderate temperatures are the rule.

Shower occurred within the last twenty-four hours in the Atlantic States, New England, Tennessee, and the Rocky Mountain region. In all other parts of the country the weather was fair.

Considerably lower temperatures are indicated for Friday and Saturday in the Middle Plains States. High temperatures will continue, however, in the Southern States, and moderately warm weather will prevail in the Eastern States and in the region west of the Rocky Mountains. The temperatures in other districts will be near normal.

The winds along the New England and Middle Atlantic coasts will be light variable; on the South Atlantic and East Gulf coasts light to moderate variable; on the Gulf coast moderate southerly; on the Great Lakes light to moderate variable. Steamers departing Friday for European ports will have light to moderate variable winds and generally fair weather to the Gulf of Mexico.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Washington, Thursday, July 28, 1910, 4 p. m.

High temperatures continue in the Southern States and in Southern Kansas and Western Missouri. Maximum temperatures above 100 degrees were recorded Thursday in Oklahoma, Kansas, and Western Missouri, and at Wichita, Kan. The record of high temperatures during the month of July was broken, the reading Thursday being 106 degrees, or one degree higher than that previously recorded.

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LOCAL TEMPERATURE.

Midnight, 72; 2 a. m., 70; 4 a. m., 68; 6 a. m., 68; 8 a. m., 70; 10 a. m., 72; 12 noon, 73; 2 p. m., 75; 4 p. m., 77; 6 p. m., 78; 8 p. m., 77; 10 p. m., 75; Maximum, 80; minimum, 66.

Relative humidity—4 a. m., 73; 2 p. m., 56; 8 p. m., 65. Rainfall 0.1 p. m. to 8 p. m., 0.6. Hours of sunshine, 14.0; per cent of possible sunshine, 98.

Temperature same date last year—Maximum, 97; minimum, 62.

TEMPERATURES IN OTHER CITIES.

Temperatures in other cities, together with the amount of rainfall for the twenty-four hours ended at 8 p. m., yesterday, are as follows:

Asheville, N. C., 75, 62, 72, 62, 73. Atlanta, Ga., 81, 72, 82, 80. Baltimore, Md., 80, 72, 81, 74. Birmingham, N. C., 80, 72, 81, 74. Boston, Mass., 80, 72, 81, 74. Buffalo, N. Y., 75, 62, 73, 70. Chicago, Ill., 73, 72, 74, 70. Cincinnati, Ohio, 81, 72, 82, 80. Cleveland, Ohio, 80, 72, 81, 74. Denver, Colo., 85, 64, 84, 81, 74. Des Moines, Iowa, 75, 65, 71, 68. Detroit, Mich., 80, 72, 81, 74. Galveston, Tex., 80, 72, 81, 74. Helena, Mont., 73, 54, 74, 71. Indianapolis, Ind., 84, 66, 80, 74. Jacksonville, Fla., 88, 74, 84, 74. Kansas City, Mo., 102, 78, 98, 74. Little Rock, Ark., 74, 66, 74, 71. Los Angeles, Cal., 71, 60, 69, 63. Louisville, Ky., 80, 72, 81, 74. Marquette, Mich., 68, 54, 64, 60. New York, N. Y., 80, 72, 81, 74. North Platte, Neb., 80, 66, 74, 60. Omaha, Neb., 84, 71, 80, 74. Portland, Me., 80, 72, 81, 74. Pittsburgh, Pa., 80, 72, 81, 74. Portland, Ore., 74, 54, 60, 62. Salt Lake City, Utah, 81, 62, 82, 80. Springfield, Ill., 80, 72, 81, 74. St. Paul, Minn., 90, 62, 88, 74. St. Louis, Mo., 80, 72, 81, 74. St. Francisco, Cal., 58, 50, 58, 50. Springfield, Ill., 80, 72, 81, 74. Tacoma, Wash., 80, 72, 81, 74. Toledo, Ohio, 84, 64, 80, 74. Vicksburg, Miss., 80, 72, 81, 74.

UNCLE SAM TRICKS SMUGGLED CHINESE

Sends Them Back to Mexico Instead of China.

FLOCKS AFTER FREE PASSAGE

Cross Border and Surrender to Customs Officers, Expecting to Be Deported, but Find Old Game Blocked, and Their Complaints Reach Wrong Ears, Disclosing Secret.

Evidence received at the Department of Commerce and Labor yesterday indicates that many Chinamen in Mexico are in a conspiracy to cross the American border and get the United States to pay their steamship fare back to China.

The expense of transporting a Chinaman from the Pacific Coast back home is \$50, and the government authorities realize now that the United States has had its leg pulled to the extent of several thousand dollars by the clever heathen.

After they had crossed the border and surrendered themselves to a United States emigration officer, a group of Chinamen found that Uncle Sam had changed his generous policy.

APPEAL FOR DELIVERANCE.

"We people, small and insignificant as ants, are on our knees petitioning our great minister (head of one of the Six Brother Companies) to aid us," the Chinamen wrote to New York. The United States has enacted a new law, and instead of shipping our countrymen back to China, is sending them to Mexico. They never had such a law before. It has never even been advanced. They did it all secretly. In Mexico there are still tens of thousands of our countrymen who have no work to do and who are looking forward to smuggling themselves into the United States, submit to arrest, and be deported back to China. If this course is closed, many of them will have to commit suicide by hanging themselves or die of starvation. Have pity on us and deliver us from starving in this country. By accomplishment of this you would be blessed unto your ten thousand generation."

The letter was signed by twenty of the prisoners in Tucson, and was intercepted by a government agent, himself a Chinaman. All twenty are now back in Mexico.

THOUGHT THE LAW CHANGED.

Another letter which fell into the hands of the government agent was written by one of the unfortunate Celestials from Mexico to a Chinese newspaper in San Francisco. Said the letter:

"In Nogales, whenever any of you desire to smuggle yourselves into the United States, take provisions; walk into the United States territory a few miles. When arrested by an emigration officer, tell him you were born in the United States, and then you might get deported back to China. I did not get here in time," the writer adds mournfully. "I came just about the time they changed the law. It is, indeed, too bad."

As a matter of fact, there is no new law. The old law is merely being enforced more stringently since the United States government got wise to the game. The Department of Commerce and Labor estimates that about 500 Chinamen are being landed in Mexico from Pacific steamships every week.

WIDER FACES GRAND JURY.

Cashier of Russo-Chinese Bank Will Be Indicted.

New York, July 28.—One of the stock exchange transactions of Erwin Wider, with a block of certificates that he had extracted from the strong box of the Russo-Chinese Bank's local agency, occupied the attention of the grand jury to-day, and there is practically no doubt that an indictment against him will be handed up tomorrow.

Acting District Attorney Neft called only two witnesses, and a number who were there on subpoenas were apparently not needed.

Inspector Markowski sent out a statement this evening, in which he said a full examination has shown that the loss cannot exceed \$500,000. He also says that of this amount a large sum is sure to be recovered by the bank.

The robbery cannot in any way either affect the normal course of the business of the bank," the statement continues, "nor exert any influence upon the bank's dividend, particularly as the business of the bank for the first six months of this year has shown very satisfactory results."

MUNYON'S WITCH HAZEL SOAP

Makes the skin soft as velvet. Softens the roughest hands. Will improve any complexion, no matter how fair.

Cures chafing and all skin irritations. Cures pimples, blackheads, and most facial blemishes. Cures cuts, wounds, and sores, a specific cure for most every disease. Is the best dandruff cure ever made; simply invaluable in all scalp diseases. Splendid for the hair; stops falling out; gives vitality and vigor to the roots. Gentlemen find it simply delightful for shaving.

BEST SOAP FOR BABY

Munyon's Witch Hazel Soap is a blessing in the nursery. Nothing is heard but praise from mothers. It cures all the skin troubles of babyhood. Is just the soap for delicate, tender skins. Cures rash, teething sores, chafing, hives, and eruptions. Gives comfort, ease, and peace to the little ones; soothes and calms; produces sleep.

If you have Rheumatism, try Munyon's Rheumatism Cure; if you have a Cold, try his Cold Cure; if you have Dropsy, try his Dropsy Cure; if you have Kidney trouble, try his Kidney Cure; if you have Constipation, try his Constipation Cure; if you have a specific cure for most every disease, mostly 25 cents. Munyon's Inhaler Cure, Catarrh, Asthma, Grip, Bronchitis, etc. Price 25 cents (including all medicines).

MAY USE MAILS NOW.

Johnstown Woman Who Sought Husband Has Privilege Restored.

The fraud order denying the use of the mails to Mrs. Alice Peterson, of Johnstown, Pa., has been revoked by direction of the Acting Postmaster General.

Mrs. Peterson advertised in the newspapers that she wanted a spouse. When she received a reply she wrote her correspondent that she would join him at his home if he forwarded the cost of transportation. Twenty lovers bachelors "bit," and then waited in vain for Alice.

Finally one of them brought the case to the attention of the postal authorities. It was learned that Mrs. Peterson has a husband. The postal officials decided that she was operating a scheme to defraud and denied her the use of the mails and imposed a fine of \$50.

She has promised not to offend again, and, accordingly, the privilege of using the mails has been restored to her.

STAMP SEIZURE EXPLAINED.

Canadian Dealers Bought Them at Auction Sale.

The Post-office Department has received a statement from the Canadian postal authorities in connection with the report that several hundred thousand dollars' worth of United States and Labrador stamps had been seized in Canada.

It is said that all the stamps seized were Labrador stamps, with a face value of nearly \$1,000,000. After the seizure it developed that the dealers from whom the authorities had obtained the stamps had bought them at an auction. A few years ago a contract was made by the government with a lithographer in Montreal for a large quantity of special stamps which might be used by fishermen in Labrador.

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WASHINGTON LOSES AN OLD INHABITANT

Charles C. Colison, Wallpaper Dealer, Passes Away.

C. C. Colison, the Seventh street wallpaper dealer, died at his residence, 923 Virginia avenue southwest, yesterday afternoon at 5 o'clock of bronchial trouble and eczema.

Mr. Colison, who was seventy-three years and nine months old, was born in Washington and had lived here continuously. He had been in the wallpaper business about twenty-five years. He was successful and popular, and retired April 1 on account of feeble health.

Mr. Colison was a member of Columbia Lodge, No. 10, I. O. O. F., and Mount Nebo Encampment, No. 6, I. O. O. F., which will participate in the funeral services. He was also a member of the Oldest Inhabitants' Association. He is survived by a wife and two children, George S. Colison and Mrs. L. L. Derick, both of Washington.

Funeral services will be conducted from the residence Saturday afternoon at 3 o'clock by Rev. J. R. Shannon, pastor of Metropolitan Methodist Church, of which Mr. Colison was a prominent and active member. Interment will be in Glenwood cemetery.

CARVER DECLARED A MENTAL WRECK

Physicians to Report Case to Coroner To-day.

It was unofficially announced last night at St. Elizabeth's Asylum that William J. Carver, the newspaper man who on Wednesday morning killed his eleven-month-old child, is hopelessly insane, and a report to that effect will be prepared to-day to be transmitted to Coroner Neft and the police authorities.

Dr. Smith, Schwin, and Slick made observations yesterday of Carver's mental condition. It was evident that his mind was a total blank, so far as his actions immediately preceding and following the tragedy were concerned. Carver seemed to recall his work, and spoke about his hopes to resume his connection with one of the papers in London. In these moments he seemed lucid.

Coroner Neft held an inquest over the body of the infant at the morgue yesterday. Physicians who attended the child and the Misses Angelo and Rose Markey, sisters of Mrs. Carver, testified.

On account of Mrs. Carver's condition, neither she nor Mrs. Markey, her mother, was able to be present. Mrs. Carver is still under the care of physicians. No arrangements for funeral of the child have yet been made.

SINGER PROGRESSING FAVORABLY.

Paris, July 28.—Lina Cavalieri (Mrs. Robert Winthrop Chanler), the opera singer, who was operated upon for appendicitis at her house in Paris on Tuesday, is progressing favorably. Prof. Segondia, who performed the operation, states that Mrs. Chanler showed remarkable courage in refusing to take chloroform until after she had been placed upon the operating table.

MUSIC HATH NO CHARMS FOR OUR STATION POLICE

The sadly unmusical ear of Union Station officials was evidenced last night when a cold, chilly damper was thrown on a band of colored Elks which had generously begun a serenade for the delectation of waiting travelers.

The band had come from the direction of the Capitol, zealously drilling out faraway melodies and companion pieces to "Kelly." On reaching the plaza they swung off into the classical obligato, "Home, Sweet Home."

Suddenly an animated figure rushed out from the arches